

# Integrating R with Existing Software in the London Market

Ed Tredger, Dan Thompson

## UMACS

Underwriting Management and Actuarial Consultancy Services

14 July 2014

# Overview

---

- 1. Brief intro to UMACS**
- 2. The limitations of current software**
- 3. Why R is the answer**
- 4. Real-world Case studies**

# Who are UMACS?

---

**UMACS is a Lloyd's & London Market actuarial consultancy.**

**UMACS has technical expertise in the London Market, but strong focus on practical solutions which deliver value for the business.**

- Set up in 2007 by Tony Jones and Fiachra McLoughlin
- Expanded to 14 people in 2014, covering a range of pricing, capital modelling and reserving projects for Lloyds syndicates, brokers and International Reinsurers
- Emphasis on adding value for clients through technical expertise with a strong focus on practical solutions
- R is a close fit for many UMACS projects and our clients



## The state of software - spreadsheets

---

**Lloyd's is a £30bn marketplace. A high proportion of big data analysis (pricing, capital, reserving, MI) is done in Excel.**

**Is this fit for purpose in the 21<sup>st</sup> Century?**

# The state of software - spreadsheets

---

## Actuaries use spreadsheets heavily – too heavily?

- ❑ Very good for quick analyses
- ❑ Easy to pass data around
- ❑ A lot of people are comfortable with spreadsheets

## However

- They are being pushed beyond their intended function
- Tend to become unwieldy and slow for large data sets or simulations
- Once they get complicated they get very hard to understand e.g.  
`=IFERROR(IF(P2<100, "SMALL", IF(Q2=0, 0, SUMIFS(X2:X2001, A2:A2001, "&INDIRECT("Sheet1!"&S2), B2:B2001, VLOOKUP(T2, Sheet1!A2:F5, 3, FALSE) ), 0)), "")`



# The state of software – actuarial products

---

## Actuaries use other pieces of software for specialised work

- ❑ Tend to be easy to use for a given application
- ❑ A relatively small number of products – so become market ‘standards’
- ❑ Support is often available

## However

- These software can be expensive
- Off-the-shelf rather than bespoke solutions
- They tend not to ‘talk’ to each other
- They tend to be ‘point and click’ which reduces auditability/reproducibility
- They can be ‘black boxy’

# Why R is the answer

---

## R can overcome the limitations of spreadsheets

- ❑ Using RExcel, or UMACS software Ulytica, R can handle all the calculations from Excel quickly and manage the data via a database connection
- ❑ R is auditable and code works 'linearly' so reproducible and easy to de-bug
- ❑ R makes the best use of different softwares:

Back End	Calculations	Front End	Reporting
SQL Server	R	Excel	Sweave/KnitR
Oracle	C++	Web (Shiny)	LaTeX

# Why R is the answer

---

## R means bespoke software, not expensive of the shelf pseudo-solutions

- A proficient R user can circumvent the need for certain softwares
- Transferrable skills- R programming skills can be applied to almost any problem and code can be re-used saving huge amounts of time in the longer term
- R/Database/Front-end solution can be same cost as outsourced Excel model
  - Open code
  - Maintainable and developable by client
  - Can talk to other applications
- ... instead of same price for annual license which is locked in.



# UMACS Case Studies

---

## Real world case studies

- Integrating pricing and reporting using an Excel front end, a SQL database and Latex reports
  
- RI options - explore different options quickly from Excel using R and C++ to run the complex simulations

# Roundup

---

- Excel is no longer appropriate for large data sets and simulations
- R is a practical alternative to licensing multiple vendor-models
- R can manage the interface between front-end (XL), data bases (SQL), computer code (C++) and reporting (LaTeX)
- How can the R community get the market to move beyond spreadsheets into R?

**Focus on adding value, not just looking cool**

# Questions?

---

[Edward.Tredger@umacs.co.uk](mailto:Edward.Tredger@umacs.co.uk)

[Dan.Thompson@umacs.co.uk](mailto:Dan.Thompson@umacs.co.uk)

